

9-STAGE TYPE WITH S-4 RESPONSE For ac automobile-headlight-control service

DATA					
General:					
Spectral Response					
Minimum projected length*					
Anode to dynode No.9					
Maximum Seated Length					
Maximum Diameter					
Weight (Approx.)					
Non-hygroscopic Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW					
Pin 1 – Dynode No.1 5 7 Pin 7 – Dynode No.7					
Pin 2 - Dynode No.2  Pin 3 - Dynode No.3  34 - 9 Pin 9 - Dynode No.9					
Pin 4 – Dynode No.4 Pin 10 – Anode					
Pin 5 - Dynode No.5 Pin 11 - Photo-					
Pin 6 - Dynode No.6 DIRECTION OF LIGHT cathode					
Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:					
ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (Peak AC or DC) 1250 max. volts SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN DYNODE No.9					
AND ANODE (Peak AC or DC) 250 max. volts AVERAGE ANODE CURRENT <sup>O</sup> 0.1 max. ma					
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE					
Characteristics Range Values for Equipment Design:					
Under conditions with supply voltage (E) across a voltage divider providing I/IO of E between cathode and dynode No.1; I/IO of E for each succeeding dynode stage; and I/IO of E between dynode No.9 and anode					
With E = 1000 volts dc					
Min. Median Max.					
Sensitivity: Radiant, at 4000 angstroms 35000 - μα/μw					
*,O: See next page.   Indicates a change.					
7–58 ELECTRON TURE DIVISION DATA					





	Min.	Median	Max.	
Luminous: A At 0 cps		35 33 	0.75	amp/lumen amp/lumen μα
With $E = adjustable$ ac voltage				
Anode-to-Cathode Voltage (RMS) <sup>#</sup> . Anode Dark Current at 25° C	Min. 525	Median 750 -	Max. 990 0.1	volts μα

On plane perpendicular to the indicated direction of incident light.

Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

▲ For conditions where light source is a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 2870 K; a light input of 10 microlumens is used; and the load resistor has a value of 0.01 megohm.

For conditions where the light flux from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 2870° K is transmitted through a filter (Corning No.2418 having an effective transmission of luminous flux of 5%) onto the photocathode. The value of light flux incident on the filter js 10 microlumens and the load resistor is 0.01 megohm. Supply voltage (E) is adjusted to give an anode current of 8 microamperes.

For conditions same as (\*) except no radiant flux on photocathode.

#### **OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS**

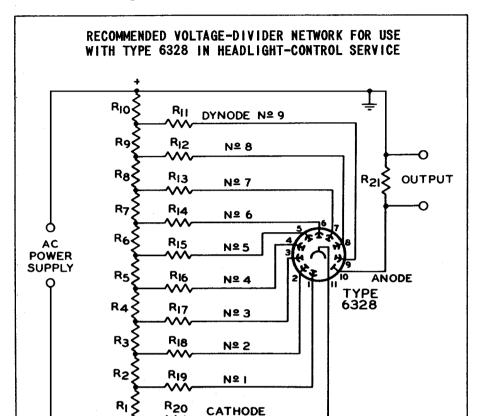
The operating stability of the 6328 is dependent on the magnitude of the anode current and its duration. When the 6328 is operated at high values of anode current, a drop in sensitivity (sometimes called fatigue) may be expected. extent of the drop below the tabulated sensitivity values depends on the severity of the operating conditions. period of idleness, the 6328 usually recovers a substantial percentage of such loss in sensitivity.

The use of an average anode current well below the maximumrated value of 0.1 milliampere is recommended when stability of operation is important. When maximum stability is required, the anode current should not exceed 10 microamperes.

A recommended design of voltage-divider network for use with the 6328 to provide stable operation and long tube life is shown in the accompanying circuit. This design provides linear operation within the range normally required for headlight control. At higher light levels, the network design limits the tube output to a safe value. The indicated design values provide headlight-control operation for an anode current in the range between 5 and 10 microamperes.

> SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC of Phototube having S-4 Response is shown at the front of this Section





RI R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10: I megohm, 1/2 watt

RII: 2 megohms, 1/2 watt

R12: 5.1 megohms, 1/2 watt

RI3 RI4 RI5 RI6

-1000 V

RI7 RI8 RI9 R20: 8.2 megohms, 1/2 watt

R21: 820,000 ohms, 1/2 watt

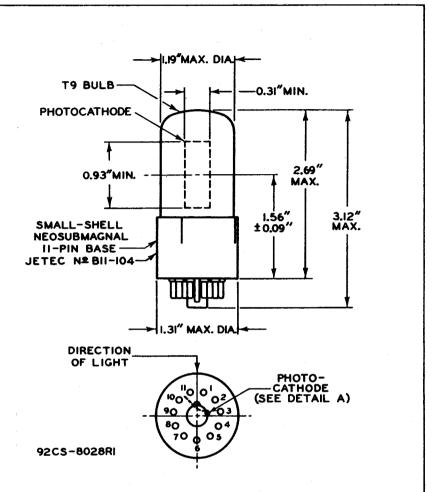
Devices and arrangements shown or described herein may use patents of RCA or others. Information contained herein is furnished without responsibility by RCA for its use and without prejudice to RCA's patent rights.

92CS-8127RI

# 320



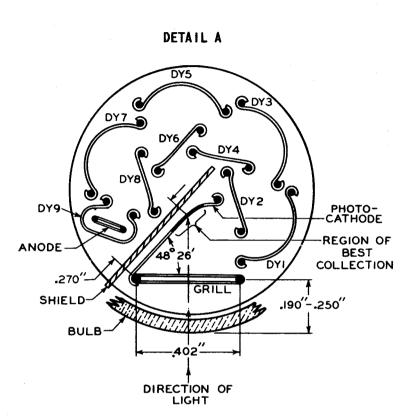
## MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE



 $\mbox{\mbox{$\updownarrow$}}$  OF BULB WILL NOT DEVIATE MORE THAN  $\mbox{\mbox{$2^{\circ}$}}$  IN ANY DIRECTION FROM THE PERPENDICULAR ERECTED AT THE CENTER OF BOTTOM OF THE .BASE.

**NOTE:** THE MAXIMUM ANGULAR VARIATION BETWEEN THE PLANE THROUGH PINS  $\parallel$  AND  $\parallel$  AND THE PLANE OF THE GRILL WILL NOT EXCEED  $6^{\circ}$ .



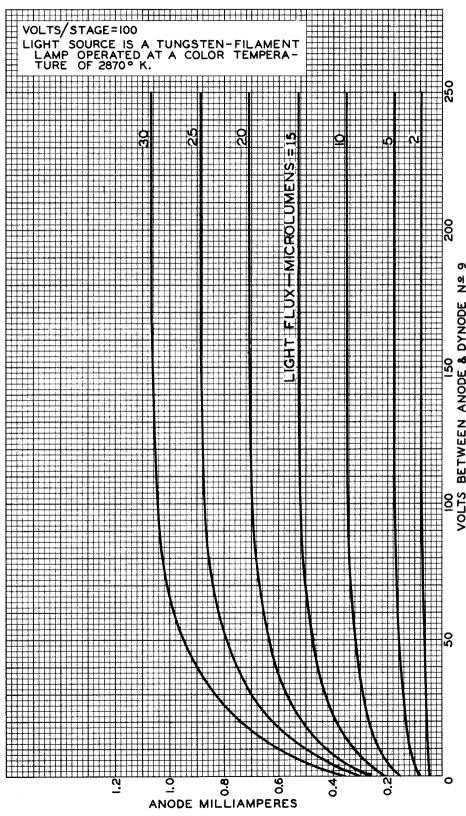


92CS-8674RI

320



#### AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



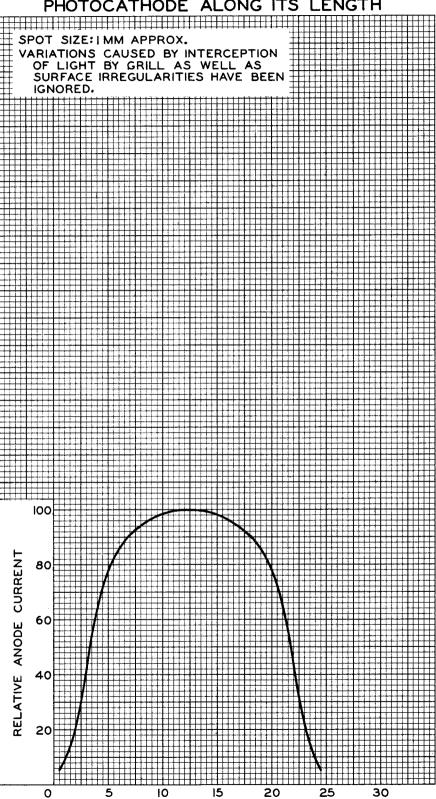
ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-8029R2



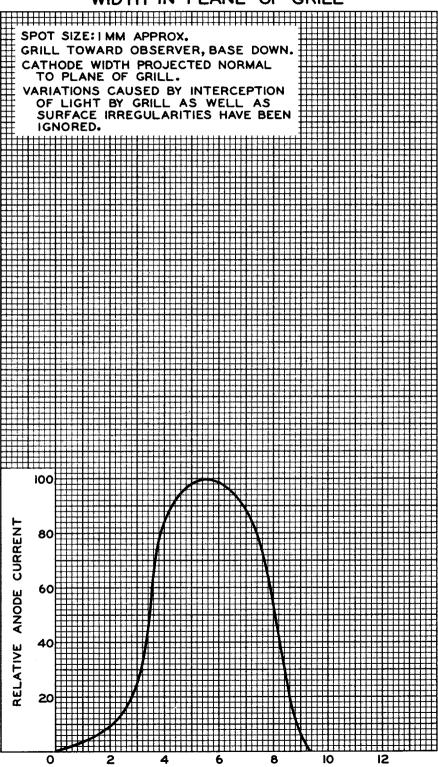
6328

## VARIATION IN SENSITIVITY OF PHOTOCATHODE ALONG ITS LENGTH



DISTANCE ALONG CATHODE FROM END OF CATHODE NEARER BASE-MILLIMETERS **ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION** 92CM-7663RI

#### VARIATION IN SENSITIVITY OF PHOTOCATHODE ACROSS ITS PROJECTED WIDTH IN PLANE OF GRILL

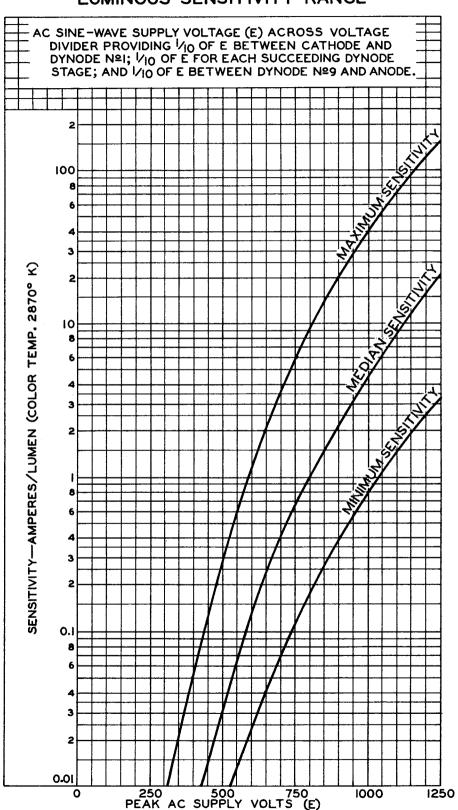


LONG PLANE OF GRILL DISTANCE TO RIGHT-MILLIMETERS **ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION** 

92CM-7667RI



#### LUMINOUS-SENSITIVITY RANGE



6328